Advanced Individual Income Tax

Documents for Lecture on Chapter 4

Individual Income Tax Overview

UNC Charlotte MACC Program

May 23, 2017

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							\dashv	
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Chapter 4. Lecture Materials - 2017

Textbook Homework Problems Assigned

- 26 Jeremy earned \$100,000 in salary and \$6,000 in interest income during the year.
 - Jeremy has two qualifying dependent children who live with him.

He qualifies to file as head of household and has \$17,000 in itemized deductions.

Neither of his dependents qualifies for the child tax credit.

- a Use the 2017 tax rate schedules to determine Jeremy's taxes due.
- b Assume that in addition to the original facts, Jeremy has a long-term capital gain of \$4,000. What is Jeremy's tax liability including the tax on the capital gain? (Use the tax rate schedules rather than the tax tables.)
- c Assume the original facts except that Jeremy had only \$7,000 in itemized deductions. What is Jeremy's total income tax liability (use the tax rate schedules)?
- John and Tara Smith are married and have lived in the same home for over 20 years. John's uncle Tim, who is 64 years old, has lived with the Smiths since March of this year. Tim is searching for employment but has been unable to find any—his gross income for the year is \$2,000. Tim used all \$2,000 toward his own support.

The Smiths provided the rest of Tim's support.

They provided him with lodging valued at \$5,000 and food valued at \$2,200.

- a Are the Smiths able to claim a dependency exemption for Tim?
- b Assume the original facts except that Tim earned \$10,000 and used all the funds for his own support. Are the Smiths able to claim Tim as a dependent? Assume the original facts except that Tim is a friend of the family and not John's uncle.
- c Assume the original facts except that Tim is a friend of the family and not John's uncle and Tim lived with the Smiths for the entire year.
- 43 Juan and Bonita are married and have two dependent children living at home.

This year, Juan is killed in an avalanche while skiing.

- a What is Bonita's filing status this year?
- b Assuming Bonita doesn't remarry and still has two dependent children living at home, what will her filing status be next year?
- c Assume Bonita doesn't remarry and doesn't have any dependents next year. What will her filing status be next year?
- 45 Elroy, who is single, has taken over the care of his mother Irene in her old age.

Elroy pays the bills relating to Irene's home.

He also buys all her groceries and provides the rest of her support.

Irene has no gross income.

- a What is Elroy's filing status?
- b Assume the original facts except that Elroy has taken over the care of his grandmother, Renae, instead of his mother. What is Elroy's filing status?
- c Assume the original facts except that Elroy's mother Irene lives with him and that she receives an annual \$5,700 taxable distribution from her retirement account. Elroy still pays all the costs to maintain the household. What is his filing status?

Code					INFO	Gross Income	For A.G.I.	A.G.I.
61	Gross	Income						
01	01033	income					-	
62	Deduction	ons for AGI						
02	Boadott	0110 101 7101						
	Gross In	come —				\$0		
		ns for AGI					\$0	
		d Gross Inc	ome				Ψ0	\$0
	-					NIE O	5 4 11	
		d Deduction	ons (Sci	nedule A)		INFO	Details	Deduction
213	Medical E		hafana lin	.:4				
242(a)		lical expenses	before iim	11τ.				
213(a)	Less: 10% of AGI Total Deduction for Medical Expenses							
164		Local Taxes F		-Apeliaea				
				ed payments, e	tc			
			·	, , , ,				
		Deduction fo	r Taxes					
163	Interest P	aid						
	T - 4 - 1	. D. de d'es fe						
470		Deduction foe Contribution						
170	Charitable	e Contribution	15					
	Total	Deduction fo	r Charitabl	e Contribution	ns			
212, 162		eous Itemized			<u> </u>			
	Total							
	Less: 2%							
				mized Deduct				
				axes. Interest	, Charity, Mis	sc., before pn	ase-out	
	AGI (Adju	sted Gross In	come) fron			I		
151(b)	Exemptio	n(s)		Number:		\$4,050		
	Extra exe	mption(s)						
151(d)(3)	Less Pha	ase-Out of Exe	mptions (if a	any)				
	Stand. De	duction (or Ite	mized ded	uctions: total	amount fron	above)		
68	Less Pha	ase-Out of Item	nized Deduc	ctions (if any- S	ec. 68)			
	Total of E	xemption(s) &	Std. or Ite	mized deducti	ions (after p	hase-out)		
	Taxable income (AGI, less Exemptions & Std. or Itemized Deduct.)							
1(c)	Federal income tax on ordinary income (compute below)							
1(h)	Federal income tax on capital gains (compute below)							
1401	Self-employment tax							
31	Federal income taxes withheld and other tax payments							
	Credits							
	Net Income Tax Due or (Refund)							
0::11:								0 0 : -
	ary Income	Base	Rate	Regular Tax		Capital Gain	Cap. Gain Rate	Cap.Gain Tax
	ayer(s)				Amount			
Top la	yer				Amount			
Total								

CPA Exam Problem - Individual Income Tax Deductions

This problem tests a candidate's understanding of the rules for deductions and the basic tax formula (seen in the tax form layout) Therefore, this problem applies to Chapter 4, even though detailed rules are found in other chapters

Tom Moore, CPA is a CPA firm owned by Tom Moore.

Tom is married and files a joint return with his wife, Joan.

In 2017, the events (shown below) took place.

For Items 1 to 12, select the appropriate tax treatment (A through F).

A tax treatment may be selected once, more than once, or not at all

Tax Treatment

A.	Not deductible on Form 1040.
B.	Deductible in full in Schedule A-Itemized Deductions.
C.	Deductible in Schedule A-Itemized Deductions,
	subject to a threshold of 10% of adjusted gross income.
D.	Deductible in Schedule A-Itemized Deductions,
	subject to a limitation of 50% of adjusted gross income.
E.	Deductible in Schedule A-Itemized Deductions, subject to
	a \$100 floor and a threshold of 10% of adjusted gross income.
F.	Deductible in Schedule A-Itemized Deductions,
	subject to a threshold of 2% of adjusted gross income

Ans		Transactions	Page	Code, Regs.
	1	On March 23, 2017, Tom sold 50 shares of Zip stock at a \$1,200 loss.	7-22	165, 1091
		He repurchased 50 shares of Zip on April 15, 2017.		
	2	Payment of a personal property tax based on the value of the Moore's car.	6-16	164(B)(1)
	3	Used clothes were donated to church organizations.	6-19	170, 67(B)(4)
	4	Premiums were paid covering insurance against Tom's loss of earnings.		
	5	Tom paid for subscriptions to accounting journals.		162, 1.162-6
	6	Interest was paid on a \$10,000 home-equity line of credit secured by	14-10	163(A)(H)
		the Moores' residence. The fair market value of the home exceeded		163(h)(3)(A)(ii)
		the mortgage by \$50,000.Tom used the proceeds to purchase a sailboat.		163(h)(3)(C)
	7	Amounts were paid in excess of insurance reimbursement for	6-14	213(a)
		prescription drugs.		
	8	Funeral expenses were paid by the Moores for Joan's brother.		
	9	Theft loss was incurred on Joan's jewelry in excess of insurance	6-23	165(e), 165(h)
		reimbursement. There were no 2017 personal casualty gains.		
	10	Loss on the sale of the family's sailboat.		165(c)
	11	Interest was paid on the \$300,000 acquisition mortgage on the	14-9+	163(h)(2)(D)
		Moores' home. The mortgage is secured by their home.		
	12	Tom performed free accounting services for the Red Cross.	6-19	1.170A-1(g)
		The estimated value of the services was \$500.		

OLD CPA Exam Question. Green is a self-employed, cash basis human resources consultant.

Listed below are Green's business and nonbusiness transactions, as well as possible tax treatments.

Required: For each of Green's transactions (Items 1-25), select the appropriate tax treatment.

A tax treatment may be selected once, more than once, or not at all. ENTER ANSWER IN "AN" COLUMN

AN		Transactions	_	Tax Treatments
С	1	Retainer fees received from clients.	Α	Taxable as other income on Form 1040.
	2	Oil royalties received.	В	Report in Sched. B—Interest & Dividend Income.
	3	Interest income on general obligation	С	Reported in Schedule C as trade or business income.
		state and local government bonds.	D	Reported in Schedule E—Supplemental Income and Loss.
	4	Interest on refund of federal taxes.	Е	Not taxable.
	5	Death benefits from term life	F	Fully deductible on Form 1040 to arrive at
		insurance policy on parent of taxpayer.		adjusted gross income.
	6	Interest income on U.S. Treasury bonds.	G	Fifty percent deductible on Form 1040 to
	7	Share of ordinary income from		arrive at adjusted gross income.
		an investment in a limited partnership		, ,
		reported in Form 1065, Schedule K-1.	Н	Reported in Schedule A—Itemized Deductions
	8	Taxable income from rental of a		(subject to threshold of 7.5% of AGI).
		townhouse owned by Green.	ı	Reported in Schedule A—Itemized Deductions
	9	Prize won as a contestant on a TV quiz show.		(deductibility subject to threshold
	10	Payment received for jury service.		of 2% of adjusted gross income).
	11	Dividends received from mutual funds that	J	Reported in Form 4562 — Depreciation and
		invest in tax-free government obligations.		Amortization and deductible in Schedule A—
	12	Qualifying medical expenses		Itemized Deductions (deductibility subject to
		not reimbursed by insurance.		threshold of 2% of adjusted gross income).
	13	Personal life insurance premiums paid by Green.	Κ	Reported on Form 4562 — Depreciation and
	14	Expenses for business-related meals		Amortization and deductible in Schedule C
		where clients were present.		Profit or Loss from Business.
	15	Depreciation on personal computer	L	Fully deductible in Schedule C—
		purchased in current year, used for business.		Profit or Loss from Business.
	16	Business lodging expenses,	М	Partially deductible in Sch. C—Profit or Loss from Business.
		while out of town.	Ν	Reported in Form 2119—Sale of Your Home, and
	17	Subscriptions to professional		deductible in Schedule Capital Gains and Losses.
		journals used for business.	0	Not deductible.
	18	Self-employment taxes paid.		
	19	Qualifying contributions to a		
		simplified employee pension plan.		
	20	Election to expense business		
		equipment purchased in current year.		
	21	Qualifying alimony payments made by Green.		
	22	Subscriptions for investment-related		
		publications.		
	23	Interest expense on a home-equity loan for		
		amount borrowed to finance		
		Green's business.		
	24	Interest expense on a loan for an auto		
		used 75% for business.		
	25	Loss on sale of residence.		

Col. 1	Col. 2	Col. 3	Col. 4	Col. 5	Col. 6
	Consider information in the columns labeled "INFO"		Gross	Ded. For	
Code		INIEO	Income	A.G.I.	A.G.I.
Code	Enter applicable information in Columns 4, 5, and 6	INFO	income	A.G.I.	A.G.I.
	Income, Deductions for AGI & AGI				
61	Sue, single with no dependent, earned a salary in 2017 of	\$113,000	\$113,000		
	Sue's employer pays for a group-term life insurance policy	#5.000			
79	with face value of \$50,000 for Sue. Annual premiums are	\$5,000 \$10,000	£40.000		
61 102	Sue purchased a lottery ticket this year and she won: Sue's mother made a gift to Sue in the amount of:	\$20,000	\$10,000		
102	Sue had interest income on City of Charlotte bonds	\$5,000			
	Sue's employer does not provide a retirement plan, so	, , , , , , ,			
219	Sue set up an IRA and made a contribution in 2017 of:	\$3,000		\$3,000	
71, 215	Sue paid alimony to her former spouse in 2017:	\$20,000		\$20,000	
	Gross Income		\$123,000		
	Deductions for AGI			\$23,000	
	Adjusted Gross Income				\$100,000
	Itemized Deductions (Schedule A)		INFO	Deduct.	Net Deduct.
	Medical Expense				
213	Sue paid hospitalization insurance premiums:		\$11,000	\$11,000	
213	She also spent on "Weight-watchers" meals:		\$10,000		
	Total medical expenses before limit.				\$11,000
213(a)	Less: 10% of AGI		10.0%		\$10,000
	Net Medical Expense Deduction State and Local Taxes Paid				1,000
164(a)(3)	Sue had North Carolina income tax withheld from pay in 201	7	\$8,800	\$8,800	
164(a)(3)	Sue paid N.C. income tax for 2016 on April 15, 2017	•	\$200	\$200	
164(a)	Sue paid real estate taxes on her home		\$1,000	\$1,000	
164(a)(1)	NC sales taxes on purchases of clothing, furniture, etc.		\$500		
	Total Taxes Paid & Amount of Deduction for Taxes		\$10,500		\$10,000
	Interest Paid		***	40.000	
163(h) 163(h)(3)	Sue paid Interest on her home mortgage Sue paid interest paid on her credit cards		\$9,000 \$3,000	\$9,000	
103(11)(3)	Total Interest Paid and Amount Deductible		\$12,000		\$9,000
	Charitable Contributions		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
170	Sue made gifts to her church		\$7,800	\$7,800	
170(c)	Sue made gifts to a neighbor whose uninsured house burne	d	\$1,000		
	Total Contributions and Amount Deductible		\$8,800		\$7,800
242	Miscellaneous Itemized Deductions Tax propagation foos for 2016 return paid 4/15/2017		\$1,000	\$1,000	
212 262	Tax preparation fees for 2016 return paid 4/15/2017 Cost of business suits (dresses)		\$1,000 \$5,000	\$1,000	
162	Dues paid to a professional organization		\$500	\$500	
	Total		\$6,500	\$1,500	
	Less: 2% of AGI			(2,000)	
	Net deductible amount of Misc. Itemized Deduction		hofore where	out.	<u>0</u>
	Total Itemized Deductions: Med. Taxes. Interest, Ch		•	out	\$27,800
	Complete the Tax Return- Form 104	0 for 20 <i>′</i>	17		
	Adjusted Gross Income from above			\longrightarrow	\$ 100,000
151(b)	Exemption			\$4,050	
151(d)(3)	Less Phase-Out (if any)				
	Itemized deduction from above (total deductible amou	ınt)		\$27,800	
68	Less Phase-Out (if any- Sec. 68)				401.075
	Total of Exemption and Itemized deductions				\$31,850
	Taxable income				\$68,150
1(c)	Federal income tax before credits Federal income taxes withheld from her pay in 2017 (\$10 በበበ \			12,776.25 10,000.00
31	Net Income Tax Due or (Refund)	ψ 10,000)			2,776.25
	Tax Computation-2017-Single Base	Rate	Tax		
	First layer for this taxpayer 37,950	Nate	5,226.25		
	Top layer for this taxpayer 30,200	25%	7,550.00		
	Total 68,150	-	12,776.25		

Shereal Wallace v. Commissioner

U.S. Tax Court, T.C. Summary Opinion 2011-116

Filed September 29, 2011.

Shereal Wallace, pro se v. Commissioner.

[Code Secs. 24, 151 and 152]

The IRS determined a \$3,137 deficiency in Shereal Wallace's Federal income tax.

The issues we must decide are:

- (1) whether Shereal is entitled to claim dependency exemption deductions for Ms. Daquetta Davis and Mary Davis and
- (2) whether Shereal is entitled to the child tax credit for Mary Davis.

Facts

Shereal Wallace timely filed his tax return, claiming dependency exemption deductions Daquetta Davis and Mary Davis and a child tax credit for Mary Davis.

Ms. Daquetta Davis is Shereal Wallace 's niece, and Mary Davis is Ms. Daquetta Davis' daughter.

At the close of the year, Ms. Daquetta Davis was 21 years old and Mary Davis was 2 years old.

Ms. Davis is not married, and Shereal Wallace is not sure who is the father of Mary Davis.

Shereal Wallace took Ms. Daquetta Davis and Mary Davis into his home during January because they were homeless.

They resided in a spare room in his home until October of the tax year under consideration.

Ms. Daquetta Davis received her certificate of high school equivalence on September 4.

During the period (of about 10 months) when Ms. Daquetta Davis and Mary Davis resided with Shereal, Ms. Daquetta Davis did not have a job and received no other income.

The IRS issued a notice of deficiency to Shereal. Shereal timely filed a petition with this Court.

Although Shereal offered evidence that Ms. Daquetta Davis obtained her certificate of high school equivalency during September, he did not offer any evidence that she was a full-time student at a qualified educational institution during at least 5 months of the calendar year.

Ms. Daquetta Davis earned no income during the approximately 10 months she and Mary Davis lived with Shereal. Shereal provided for all of Mary Davis's needs during that period.

Shereal offered no evidence regarding the amount of Ms. Daquetta Davis' gross income during the period when she was not living in his home.

Ouestions

- 1. Is Shereal entitled to claim dependency exemption deductions for Daquetta Davis?
- 2. Is Shereal entitled to claim dependency exemption deductions for Mary Davis?
- 3. Is Shereal is entitled to the child tax credit for Mary Davis?

Section 152-Qualifying Child or Relative

152 (c) Qualifying Child. For purposes of this section	152 (d) Qualifying Relative. For purposes of this section
(1) In general. The term "qualifying child" means, with respect to any taxpayer for any taxable year, an individual	(1) In general. The term "qualifying relative" means, with respect to any taxpayer for any taxable year, an individual
(A) who bears a relationship to the taxpayer described in paragraph (2), (See paragraph 2 – next page)	(A) who bears a relationship to the taxpayer described in paragraph (2), [Note: list of relationships is longer in Sec. 152(d) than in 152(c).] (See paragraph 2 – next page)
(B) who has the same principal place of abode as the taxpayer for more than one-half of such taxable year,	(B) whose gross income for the calendar year in which such taxable year begins is less than the exemption amount (as defined in section 151(d)),
(C) who meets the age requirements of paragraph (3), (See paragraph 3 – next page)	(C) with respect to whom the taxpayer provides over one-half of the individual's support for the calendar year in which such taxable year begins, and
(D) who has not provided over one-half of such individual's own support for the calendar year in which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, and	(D) who is not a qualifying child of such taxpayer or of any other taxpayer for any taxable year beginning in the calendar year in which such taxable year begins.
(E) who has not filed a joint return (other than only for a claim of refund) with the individual's spouse under section 6013 for the taxable year beginning in the calendar year in which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins.	

Qualifying Child.

(c) Qualifying Child. For purposes of this section—

- (1) In general. The term "qualifying child" means, with respect to any taxpayer for any taxable year, an individual—
- (A) who bears a relationship to the taxpayer described in paragraph (2),
- **(2) Relationship.** For purposes of paragraph (1)(A), an individual bears a relationship to the taxpayer described in this paragraph if such individual is—
- (A) a child of the taxpayer or a descendant of such a child, or
- **(B)** a brother, sister, stepbrother, or stepsister of the taxpayer or a descendant of any such relative.

Qualifying Relative.

(d) Qualifying Relative. For purposes of this section—

- (1) In general. The term "qualifying relative" means, with respect to any taxpayer for any taxable year, an individual—
- **(A)** who bears a relationship to the taxpayer described in paragraph (2),
- (2) Relationship. For purposes of paragraph (1)(A), an individual bears a relationship to the taxpayer described in this paragraph if the individual is any of the following with respect to the taxpayer:
- (A) A child or a descendant of a child.
- **(B)** A brother, sister, stepbrother, or stepsister.
- (C) The father or mother, or an ancestor of either.
- **(D)** A stepfather or stepmother.
- (E) A son or daughter of a brother or sister of the taxpayer.
- **(F)** A brother or sister of the father or mother of the taxpayer.
- **(G)** A son-in-law, daughter-in-law, father-in-law, mother-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law.
- (H) An individual (other than an individual who at any time during the taxable year was the spouse, determined without regard to section 7703, of the taxpayer) who, for the taxable year of the taxpayer, has the same principal place of abode as the taxpayer and is a member of the taxpayer's household.
- **(B)** who has the same principal place of abode as the taxpayer for more than one-half of such taxable year,
- **(B)** whose gross income for the calendar year in which such taxable year begins is less than the exemption amount (as defined in section 151(d)),
- (C) who meets the age requirements of paragraph (3), (3) Age requirements. (A) In general. For purposes of paragraph (1)(C), an individual meets the requirements of this paragraph if such individual is younger than the taxpayer claiming such individual as a qualifying child and—
- (i) has not attained the age of 19 as of the close of the calendar year in which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, or
- (ii) is a student who has not attained the age of 24 as of the close of such calendar year.
- (B) Special rule for disabled. In the case of an individual who is permanently and totally disabled (as defined in section 22(e)(3)) at any time during such calendar year, the requirements of subparagraph (A) shall be treated as met with respect to such individual.
- (C) with respect to whom the taxpayer provides over one-half of the individual's support for the calendar year in which such taxable year begins, and

- **(D)** who has not provided over one-half of such individual's own support for the calendar year in which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, and
- (E) who has not filed a joint return (other than only for a claim of refund) with the individual's spouse under section 6013 for the taxable year beginning in the calendar year in which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins.
- **(D)** who is not a qualifying child of such taxpayer or of any other taxpayer for any taxable year beginning in the calendar year in which such taxable year begins.

Betty invests in stock. Each stock qualifies as a capital asset.

Betty is single (no d	Betty is single (no dependent). Earns annual salary of							
Itemized deduction	(\$10,000)							
Itemized deduction	(\$20,000)							
Exemption	(\$4,050)							
Taxable Income ea	ach year, befor	e items be	elow.	\$100,000				
	Date	Date	Total	Total				
Asset	Acquired	Sold	Cost	Sell. Price				
ABC Stock	2017	2017	\$10,000	\$16,000				
DEF Stock	2017	2017	\$10,000	\$5,000				
0111.01	2014	2017	\$10,000	\$13,000				
GHI Stock	2014	2017	Ψ.0,000	Ψ.0,000				
KLM Stock	2014	2017	\$10,000	\$18,000				

Short Term	Long Term

1 What is her taxable income for the year?

2 What is her overall net capital gain or loss for the year? First provide net Short-term and net Long-term amounts.

(Enter only 2 amounts in Column A below.)

	Short-term		Column A	Column B	
1	Short-term	Gain			See page 4-6.
2	Short-term	Loss			See page 7-10+
	Net Short-term Gain or Los				
	Long-term				
3	Long-term	Gain			
4	Long-term	Loss			
	Net Long-term Gain or Loss				
	Net capital gain or los				

3	What	tay rates	apply to her	canital	naine?
	vviiai	iax iaies	abbiv to ner	Caunai	uaiiis !

	Amount	Rate
Short-term		
Long-term		
See page 7-10+		

4 Assume her salary is actually \$43,800.

What tax rates apply to her capital gains?

	Amount	_	Rate
Short-term			
Long-term			
See page 7-14		•	

Phase-out of Exemptions and Deductions - Tax Year-2017

1		John James and Joan James graduated and			017.
2	6013	Filing Status		Joint	
3		Taxpayers	John	Joan	Joint
4	61	John worked for a bank and earned	\$50,000		\$50,000
5	61	Joan worked as a consultant and earned		\$50,000	50,000
6		Gambling Winnings	150,000	150,000	300,000
7	61	Total Income (also adjusted gross income)	200,000	205,000	400,000
8	31	Federal income tax withheld	(28,000)	(28,700)	(56,700)
9	164	North Carolina income tax withheld	(4,000)	(4,000)	(8,000)
10		Other Itemized Deductions	(26,000)	(26,000)	(52,000)
11		Total itemized deductions (NC Tax W/H)	(30,000)	(30,000)	(60,000)
12	63(c)	Standard Deduction on joint return			(12,400)
13		(Greater of Std. deduct or itemized deductions)			\$60,000
14		Exemptions (2 @ \$4,050) 2 \$4,050			\$8,100
15		They went to Las Vegas on New Years Eve, 2	2017 and w	on \$300,00	0.
16	151(d)	Phase-out of exemptions	Text Pa	age 6-39	
17		Revised Adjusted Gross Income			400,000
18	151(d)	Phase-out threshold Filing Status	Joint		313,800
19		Excess of AGI over threshold			86,200
20		Amount of layer used in phase-out			2,500
21		Number of layers (Divide Excess by \$2,500) (\$1,2	250 on sep.	return)	34.48
22		Number of layers rounded up			35.0
23		Phase-out percentage, using 2% per layer			70%
24		Amount of exemptions before phase-out			8,100
25		Amount of exemptions phased out			(5,670)
26		Exemptions allowed after phase-out		12	\$2,430
27		At what level of AGI are the exemptions complete	<u> </u>	1	2047
28	68		ge 6-38	Joint	2017
29		Adjusted Gross Income Threshold			\$400,000 313,800
30		Excess			86,200
32		Total itemized deductions			60,000
33		Itemized deductions NOT Subject to the Phase-C)ut (1)		00,000
34		Itemized deductions Subject to the Phase-Out	, wt (1)		60,000
35		3% of excess of AGI over threshold			2,586
36		80% of affected deductions that are subject to ph	nase-out		48,000
37		Lesser of two amounts above			2,586
38		Total itemized deductions after phase-out			\$57,414
39	(1) Me	edical expenses, Investment interest, Gambling & Casualty lo	sses not subj	ect to phase-ou	

Col. 1	Col. 2	Col. 3	Col. 4	Col. 5	Col. 6
001. 1	Consider information in the columns labeled "INFO"	2311 3	Gross	Ded. For	2011 0
Code		INEO		A.G.I.	A C !
Code	Enter applicable information in Columns 4, 5, and 6	INFO	Income	A.G.I.	A.G.I.
	Income, Deductions for AGI & AGI				
61	Sue, single with no dependent, earned a salary in 2016 of	\$113,000	\$113,000		
70	Sue's employer pays for a group-term life insurance policy with face value of \$50,000 for Sue. Annual premiums are	\$5,000			
79 61	Sue purchased a lottery ticket this year and she won:	\$10,000	\$10,000		
102	Sue's mother made a gift to Sue in the amount of:	\$20,000	\$10,000		
103	Sue had interest income on City of Charlotte bonds	\$5,000			
	Sue's employer does not provide a retirement plan, so	¢2.000		#2.000	
219 71, 215	Sue set up an IRA and made a contribution in 2016 of: Sue paid alimony to former spouse in 2016:	\$3,000 \$20,000		\$3,000 \$20,000	
71, 213	Gross Income	Ψ20,000	\$123,000	Ψ20,000	
	Deductions for AGI	<u>, </u>	———	\$23,000	
	Adjusted Gross Income				\$100,000
	•				Ψ100,000
	Itemized Deductions (Schedule A)		INFO	Deduct.	Net Deduct.
	Medical Expense		****	A	
213	Sue paid hospitalization insurance premiums: She also spent on "Weight-watchers" meals:		\$11,000 \$10,000	\$11,000	
213	Total medical expenses before limit.		\$10,000		\$11,000
213(a)	Less: 10% of AGI		10.0%		\$10,000
	Net Medical Expense Deduction				1,000
4044 3753	State and Local Taxes Paid	e	60.000	#0.000	
164(a)(3) 164(a)(3)	Sue had North Carolina income tax withheld from pay in 201 Sue paid N.C. income tax for 2015 on April 15, 2016	O	\$8,800 \$200	\$8,800 \$200	
164(a)(3)	Sue paid real estate taxes on her home		\$1,000	\$1,000	
164(a)(1)	NC sales taxes on purchases of clothing, furniture, etc.		\$500		
	Total Taxes Paid & Amount of Deduction for Taxes		\$10,500		\$10,000
163(h)	Interest Paid Sue paid Interest on her home mortgage		\$9,000	\$9,000	
163(h)(3)	Sue paid interest on her horne montgage Sue paid interest paid on her credit cards		\$3,000	Ψ3,000	
	Total Interest Paid and Amount Deductible		\$12,000		\$9,000
	Charitable Contributions		<u></u>	AF 225	
170 170(c)	Sue made gifts to her church Sue made gifts to a neighbor whose uninsured house burner	4	\$7,800 \$1,000	\$7,800	
170(6)	Total Contributions and Amount Deductible	.	\$8,800		\$7,800
	Miscellaneous Itemized Deductions				, ,
212	Tax preparation fees for 2015 return paid 4/15/2016		\$1,000	\$1,000	
262	Cost of business suits (dresses)		\$5,000	# F00	
162	Dues paid to a professional organization Total		\$500 \$6,500	\$500 \$1,500	
	Less: 2% of AGI		43,000	(2,000)	
	Net deductible amount of Misc. Itemized Deduction				0
	Total Itemized Deductions: Med. Taxes. Interest, Ch	arity, Misc.,	before phase-	out	\$27,800
	Complete the Tax Return- Form 1040	ofor 20'	16		
	Adjusted Gross Income from above			→	\$ 100,000
151(b)	Exemption			\$4,050	
151(d)(3)	Less Phase-Out (if any)				
	Itemized deduction from above (total deductible amou	ınt)		\$27,800	
68	Less Phase-Out (if any- Sec. 68)				¢24 0E0
	Total of Exemption and Itemized deductions Taxable income				\$31,850 \$68,150
1(c)	Federal income tax before credits				12,808.75
31	Federal income taxes withheld from her pay in 2016 (\$20,000)			20,000.00
	Net Income Tax Due or (Refund)	,			7,191.25
	Tax Computation-2016-Single Base	Rate	Tax		
	First layer for this taxpayer 37,650		5,183.75		
	Top layer for this taxpayer 30,500 Total 68.150	25%	7,625.00		
	Total68,150	-	<u>12,808.75</u>		

Classification of Expenses

			Dedu	ctible		Not dedu	ctible	
		For		From				Applicable
Expense Item	Note	AGI	Note	AGI	Note		Note	Code Section
Investment expenses								
Rent and royalty		X						§ 62(a)(4)
All other investments				X				§ 212
Employee expenses								
Commuting expenses						X		§ 262
Travel and transportation	1			X				§ 162(a)(2)
Reimbursed expenses	1	X						§ 62(a)(2)(A)
Moving expenses		Х						§ 62(a)(15)
Entertainment	1			Х	4,5			§ 162(a)
All other employee expenses				Х	4,5			§ 162(a)
Expenses of performing artists		Х						§ 62(a)(2)(B)
Trade or business expenses		X						§§ 162 and 62(a)(1)
Casualty losses								
Business		Х						§ 165(c)(1)
Personal				X	6			§ 165(c)(3)
Tax determination		Χ	8	X	4			§§ 212 and 62(a)(1)
Bad debts		Х						§§ 166 and 62(a)(1)
Medical expenses				Х	7			§ 213
Charitable contributions				Χ				§ 170
Taxes								
Trade or business		Χ						§§ 162 and 62(a)(1)
Personal taxes								
Real property				X				§ 164(a)(1)
Personal property				Х				§ 164(a)(2)
State and local income				X				§ 164(a)(3)
Investigation of a business	2	X						§§ 162 and 62(a)(1)
Interest								§§ 162 and 62(a)(1)
Interest on Business Property		X						§ 163(a), (d), and (h)
Interest on Rental Property		X						
Investment Interest Expense				X				
Personal				X	3	Х	9	§ 262
All other personal expenses						Χ		§ 262
Food and Clothing						Х		§ 262
Rent on apartment, etc.						Х		§ 262
Legal fees for divorce, will, etc.						Χ		§ 262
Cost of funeral	10					Х		§ 262

- 1. Deduction for AGI if reimbursed, adequate accounting is made, & excess amount is returned
- 2. Provided certain criteria are met.
- 3. Subject to the excess investment interest and the qualified residence interest provisions.
- 4. Subject (in the aggregate) to a 2%-of-AGI floor imposed by § 67.
- 5. Only 50% of meals and entertainment are deductible.
- 6. Subject to a 10%-of-AGI floor and a \$100 floor.
- 7. Subject to a 7.5%-of-AGI floor. Floor increased to 10% in 2013
- 8. Only the portion relating to business, rental, or royalty income or losses
- 9. Other personal interest [other than residential interest or investment interest] is not deductible
- 10. This sheet deals with income tax. See also estate tax rules.

Chapter 04. Individual Tax Homework

After her of She a	is single. In 20 taking into accexemption and lso received \$1 federal income	count liten 10,00	all deduct nized dedu O of intere	tion of the control o	imits and p ns amounte n State of N	hase-c d to a	total of						
a.	\$59,751				\$58,550	d.	\$35,71	10	е.	Other			
After itemiz She a	is single. In 20 taking into acc zed deductions Iso received \$1 marginal tax ra	count s amo 10,00	all deduct ounted to a O of intere	ion l	imits and p al of \$30,00	hase-c 0.			-	ion and			
a.	15%	b.	26%	c.	28%	d.	33%	•	€.	35%			
After and it She a How	xt page 8-15) . taking into acc emized deduc lso received \$1 much Social Se e the additiona \$10,392	count tions 10,00 curit	all deduct amounted O of intere y tax is wit	tion I I to a st or hhel requ	imits and p a total of \$3 a State of N d above fro	hase-c 0,000. orth C m Jan Afford	outs, her arolina 's salary lable Ca	bonds in 20	npt 5. 17 t (O	?		ier	
In De	t ty is single. In cember, 2017, egular salary. H	the o	company p	aid ł	ner a cash b	onus d	of \$15,0				0		
a.	\$277.90	b.	\$217.50		c. \$1,147	.50	d.	\$1,52	22.0	00 e.	Oth	ier	
a.	52] Which of th Union dues f Real estate t residence	or ar	n employee			Stree estate	t Journa	al subs	scri	ption fo	r stoc	k investor d by an	
Ba Who	ge 4-15.] Beth rt 40%; Bill 45 is (are) entitled Bart	5%; d to d	Bob 15%		•	assun		nultipl	e s	-	agreei	ment exist	
In the	e's grandmoth current year, ler Grandmoth \$ 37,000	gran er pa	dmother g	ave .	d 10 years Julie the lan 10,000 on t	ago fo d, whi	ch had a . What i	a valu	e's l			nd?	of the

8. A single taxpayer had the following income and expenditures in the current year.

Wages earned	\$60,000
Deductible contribution to IRA	(2,000)
NC Income Tax	(4,000)
Charity	(3,000)
Alimony paid to former spouse	(5,000)

	NC Income Tax	(4,000)						
	Charity	(3,000)						
	Alimony paid to former spouse	(5,000)						
Wha ⁻	t is the taxpayer's adjusted gross i	ncome?						
a.	\$60,000 b. \$55,000	c. \$	54,600	d.	\$53,00	0 e.	Other	
9. Ra	chael is a single parent who maint	tains a home	in Boston	in which	she and	her 16-v	vear-old dau	ıghter
	e. She also provides most of the si					•	•	_
	ard Law School, lives at home, and							
	many personal and dependency e		=					
a.	1 b. 2 c.	3	d.	4	e.	Other		
10. A	nita was entirely supported by he	r sons Bart	Bill and Bo	h who nro	ovided t	his sunn	ort·	
	ort 42%; Bill 49%; Bob 9%	1 30113 Dai t,	Dill alla bo	b wile pre	oviaca t	тиз зарр	J1 C.	
	h brother is entitled to claim Anita	a as a deper	ıdent, assu	ming a m	ultiple s	upport a	greement e	xists?
	Bart b. Bart or Bill	c. Bill or		0 -	-	art, Bill o	_	
44 1	ours and Michael wore diversed to	act woor Mi	shool bos o	ustadu af				
	aura and Michael were divorced la a pays \$8,600 in child support pay	•		-			an.	
	orting the children is \$12,500. Mic		•	•			ant about	
	ndency exemptions. How many to			•	•	_		
•	1 b. 2 c.			4		Other	nic year.	
u.		J	۵.	•		o ti ici		
12. lr	n October of the current year, Brai	ndv and her	husband E	en split u	p and d	o not spe	eak to each	other.
	ner individual will cooperate with t	•		•	-	•		
Ben	supports their two children after t	he split up a	nd mainta	ins their h	ouseho	ld.		
Wha	t is Ben's filing status for the curre	nt year?						
a.	Single b. Married filing sepa	rately c.	Head of I	nousehold	d.	Survivin	g Spouse	
	lell Brown's husband died in 2015.		• •			•		
	e and support for herself and her o	dependent i	nfant child	during 20)15, 201	.6, and 2	017.	
For 2	017, Nell's <u>filing status</u> is:							
a.	Single b. Married filing join	t return	:. Head o	f househo	old. d .	. Qualif	fying widow	
							2	
-	§ 62] Which type of deductions is			-	_			
a.	Alimony b. Exemption	c. Expens	ses of rental _l	property	d. IR	A Contri	butions	
1 F N	An and Nan Craith have combined	d calarias af	¢62.000 .	Thair anlu	ovnond	lituras af	footing the	to.
	Ir. and Mrs. Smith have combined name state income taxes of \$6,000			•	-		recting the	ldX
	have two small children whom th				_	,000.		
-	have two small critical whom the have taxable income for the curre		and me a j	omit retur				
a.		=	nan \$34,00	0. but not	more t	han \$37	.000	
c.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		nan \$37,00					
٠.	- · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_ ,		T J		

			•		a joint retur		current	vea	r (2017)	?		
	\$7,950		\$8,900	_	\$13,500		\$17,700	-	е (====,	Othe	r	
and h		ded		\$6,0		her					o dependents rent year (2017)? 00	
The end Solon Solo	mployer wit mployer als	thho o wi	lds FICA of thholds fec	\$3,8 leral	income tax	ches of \$5	it when r 5,000 (no	nak sta sala	ing its d te incon	eposit ne tax) payroll	2017. of payroll taxes to and pays combin taxes for Joe?	
	ho pays FU ⁻ Employers			b.	Employees			c.	Both			
20. Joanna received \$60,000 compensation from her employer, the value of her stock in ABC company appreciated by \$5,000 during the year (but she did not sell any of the stock), she received \$30,000 of life insurance proceeds from the death of her husband. What is the amount of Joanna's gross income from these items?												
a.	\$60,000			b.	\$65,000		c. \$95	5,00	0	d.	\$97,000	
21. [§ a. c.	62] Which Alimony particle Personal p	aid		g is n	ot an itemiz b. d.	Me	eduction edical exp aritable o	ens		ıs		
 22. Which of the following statements regarding personal and dependency exemptions is false? a. A married couple filing jointly may claim two personal exemptions. b. To qualify as a dependent of another, an individual must be a resident of the United States. c. An individual who qualifies as a dependent of another taxpayer may not claim a personal exemption. d. A person cannot qualify as a dependent of another as a qualifying relative if that person's gross income exceeds the exemption amount. 												
	l of the follo gross inco		g are tests		determining age test	qual	ifying chi c. sup			-	ne residence test	
24. W	hich of the Stepsister'				nips does NO o. Half-bro				onship to ousin		a qualifying child Stepsister	?

 26. Sheri and Jake Woodhouse have one daughter, Emma, who is 16 years old. They also have taken in Emma's friend, Harriet, who has lived with them since February of the current year and is also 16 years age. The Woodhouses have not legally adopted Harriet but Emma often refers to Harriet as "her sister The Woodhouses provide all of the support for both girls, and both girls live at the Woodhouse resider Which of the following statements is true regarding the <i>dependency</i> exemptions (and the reason for the exemptions) Sheri and Jake may claim for the current year for these girls? a. One exemption for their daughter Emma as a qualifying child but no exemption for Harriet. b. One exemption for Emma as a qualifying child and one exemption for Harriet as a qualifying child. c. One exemption for Emma as a qualifying child and one exemption for Harriet as a 	es
qualifying relative. d. None of the above statements is true.	s of :" nce.
 27. Katy has one child, Dustin, who is 18 years old at the end of the year. Dustin lived at home for three months during the year before leaving home to work full-time in another city. During the year, Dustin earned \$15,000. Anne provided more than half of Dustin's support for the year. Which of the following statements regarding whether Katy may claim Dustin as a dependent for the current year is accurate? a. Yes, Dustin is a qualifying child of Katy. b. Yes, Dustin fails residence test for a qualifying child but he is considered a qualifying relative of Katy c. No, Dustin fails the support test for a qualifying relative. d. No, Dustin fails the gross income test for a qualifying relative. 	g
 28. William and Charlotte Collins divorced in November of year 1. William moved out and Charlotte remained in their house with their 10-month-old daughter, Autumn. Diana, Charlotte's mother, lived in the home and acted as Autumn's nanny for all of year 1. William provided 70% of Autumn's support, Diana provided 20%, and Charlotte provided 10%. When the time came to file their tax returns for year William, Charlotte, and Diana each wanted to claim Autumn as a dependent. Their respective AGIs for year 1 were \$50,000, \$35,000, and \$52,000. Who has priority to claim Autumn as a dependent? a. William b. Diana c. Charlotte d. They must negotiate amongst themselves. 	ır 1,

<mark>29.</mark> W	hich of the following statements regard	ding	the difference between the requirements for a qu	ualifying
child	and the requirements for a qualifying re			
a.			rictions while qualifying relatives are not.	
b.	The relationship requirement is more relatives than for qualifying children.	broa	adly defined (more inclusive) for qualifying	
C.			cuses on the support the potential dependent ing children focuses on the support the taxpayer	
d.	•	oss i	ncome restriction while qualifying children are	
lives l 10% d Karen	by herself in an apartment in Los Angele of her own support, Michael provides 40 oprovides 10% of Janet's support, and k	es. Ja 0% o (enn	oport for their mother Janet who is 75 years old. Innet's gross income for the year is \$3,000. Janet point Janet's support, Diane provides 8% of Janet's support, provides the remaining 32% of Janet's support.	rovides pport, Under a
a.	Michael, Diane, Karen, and Kenny		Michael, Karen, and Kenny	
c.	Michael and Kenny		Michael	
discor worke Who a.	vered that the Wickham has underpaid ed in year 1 and received equal income is legally liable for the tax underpaymen Lydia.	thei but . nt? b.	They divorced in year 2. In late year 2, the IRS r year 1 taxes by \$2,000. Both Lydia and John John had \$2,000 less tax withheld than did Lydia. John.	
C.	Both Lydia and John.	d.	Neither Lydia nor John.	
	June of year 1, Edgar's wife Cathy died is his filing status for year 1?	and	Edgar did not remarry during the year.	
a.	Single	b.	Married filing jointly	
c.	Qualifying widower	d.	Head of household	
moth		wn. J	vides all of the financial support for her lan's mother qualifies as Jan's dependent. ilable to Jan?	
a.	Single	b.	Head of household	
c.	Qualifying individual	d.	Surviving single	
Jane's	s mother lives in an apartment across to	own	ovides more than half of her mother's financial su and has a part-time job earning \$5,000 a year.	upport.
	h is the most advantageous filing status			
a.	Single		Head of household	
c.	Qualifying individual	d.	Surviving single	

35. Ir	n April of year 1, Martin left his wife Mai	riann	ne. While the couple was apart, they were not	
legall	y divorced. Marianne found herself hav	ing t	o financially provide for the couple's only child	
(who	qualifies as Marianne's dependent) and	to p	pay all the costs of maintaining the household.	
Wher	n Marianne filed her tax return for year	1, sh	e filed a return separate from Martin.	
What	t is Marianne's most favorable filing stat	us fo	or year 1?	
a.	Married filing separately.	b.	Single.	
c.	Head of household.	d.	Qualifying widow.	
36. Fo	or filing status purposes, the taxpayer's	mari	ital status is determined at what point during the y	/ear?
a.	the beginning of the year	b.	the end of the year	
c.	the middle of the year	d.	None of the above	
37. Ir	n year 1, Harold Weston's wife died. Sind	ce he	er death, he has maintained a household for their	
son F	rank, his qualifying child. Which is the n	nost	advantageous filing status available to Harold in ye	ear 4?
a.	Married filing jointly	b.	Surviving spouse	
c.	Qualifying widower	d.	Head of household	